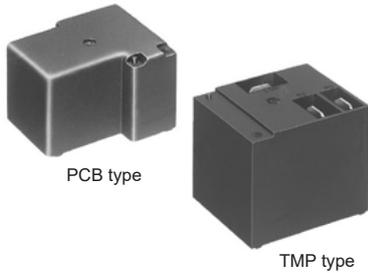




**High switching capacity
1a/1c 30A power relays**

JT-N RELAYS



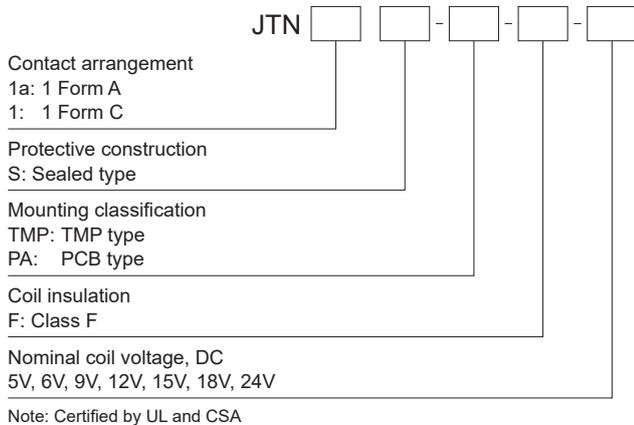
FEATURES

- High switching capacity:
30 A for 1 Form A
- 2 contact arrangements:
1 Form A or 1 Form C
- “TMP” types available
- UL, CSA recognized
- Class F types standard

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

1. Home appliance
Oven, Air heating equipment
2. Industrial equipment
Lighting control, Power supply, Inverter

ORDERING INFORMATION



TYPES

1. 1 Form A Sealed type

Nominal coil voltage	Part No.	
	PCB type	TMP type
5V DC	JTN1aS-PA-F-DC5V	JTN1aS-TMP-F-DC5V
6V DC	JTN1aS-PA-F-DC6V	JTN1aS-TMP-F-DC6V
9V DC	JTN1aS-PA-F-DC9V	JTN1aS-TMP-F-DC9V
12V DC	JTN1aS-PA-F-DC12V	JTN1aS-TMP-F-DC12V
15V DC	JTN1aS-PA-F-DC15V	JTN1aS-TMP-F-DC15V
18V DC	JTN1aS-PA-F-DC18V	JTN1aS-TMP-F-DC18V
24V DC	JTN1aS-PA-F-DC24V	JTN1aS-TMP-F-DC24V

Standard packing: PCB type: Carton: 50 pcs.; Case: 500 pcs.
 TMP type: Carton: 50 pcs.; Case: 300 pcs.

2. 1 Form C Sealed type

Nominal coil voltage	Part No.	
	PCB type	TMP type
5V DC	JTN1S-PA-F-DC5V	JTN1S-TMP-F-DC5V
6V DC	JTN1S-PA-F-DC6V	JTN1S-TMP-F-DC6V
9V DC	JTN1S-PA-F-DC9V	JTN1S-TMP-F-DC9V
12V DC	JTN1S-PA-F-DC12V	JTN1S-TMP-F-DC12V
15V DC	JTN1S-PA-F-DC15V	JTN1S-TMP-F-DC15V
18V DC	JTN1S-PA-F-DC18V	JTN1S-TMP-F-DC18V
24V DC	JTN1S-PA-F-DC24V	JTN1S-TMP-F-DC24V

Standard packing: PCB type: Carton: 50 pcs.; Case: 500 pcs.
 TMP type: Carton: 50 pcs.; Case: 300 pcs.

RATING

1.Coil data

- Operating characteristics such as 'Operate voltage' and 'Release voltage' are influenced by mounting conditions, ambient temperature, etc. Therefore, please use the relay within ± 5% of rated coil voltage.
- 'Initial' means the condition of products at the time of delivery.

Nominal coil voltage	Pick-up voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Drop-out voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating current [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Coil resistance [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating power	Max. applied voltage (at 20°C 68°F)
5V DC	75%V or less of nominal voltage (Initial)	10%V or more of nominal voltage (Initial)	161.3mA	31Ω	800mW	6 V
6V DC			133.3mA	45Ω		7.2V
9V DC			89.1mA	101Ω		10.8V
12V DC			66.6mA	180Ω		14.4V
15V DC			53.4mA	281Ω		18 V
18V DC			44.4mA	405Ω		21.6V
24V DC			33.3mA	720Ω		28.8V

2. Specifications

Characteristics	Item	Specifications	
Contact	Contact material	AgSnO ₂ type	
	Arrangement	1 Form A 1 Form C	
	Contact resistance (Initial)	Max. 50 mΩ (By voltage drop 6 V DC 1A)	
Rating	Nominal switching capacity (resistive load)	20A 277V AC N.C.: 10A 277V AC, N.O.: 20A 277V AC	
	Max. switching power (resistive load)	8,310VA (30A 277V AC) N.C.: 2,770VA, N.O.: 5,540VA	
	Max. switching voltage	277V AC	
	Max. switching current	30A N.C.: 10A, N.O.: 20A	
	Nominal operating power	Approx. 800mW	
	Min. switching capacity (reference value)*1	100mA, 5V DC	
Electrical characteristics	Insulation resistance (Initial)	Min. 100MΩ (at 500V DC) Measurement at same location as "Breakdown voltage" section.	
	Breakdown voltage (Initial)	Between open contacts	1,200 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10 mA)
		Between contact and coil	2,500 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10 mA)
	Operate time (at nominal voltage) (at 20°C 68°F) (Initial)	Max. 20 ms (excluding contact bounce time.)	
Release time (at nominal voltage) (at 20°C 68°F) (Initial)	Max. 10 ms (excluding contact bounce time) (Without diode)		
Mechanical characteristics	Shock resistance	Functional	Min. 98 m/s ² (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 11 ms; detection time: 10μs.)
		Destructive	Min. 980 m/s ² (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 6 ms.)
	Vibration resistance	Functional	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 1.5 mm (Detection time: 10μs.)
Destructive		10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 2 mm	
Expected life	Mechanical	Min. 1×10 ⁷	
	Electrical (at 20 times/min.)*2	Min. 1×10 ⁵ (20A 277V AC at resistive load) N.O.: Min. 1×10 ⁵ (20A 277V AC at resistive load) N.C.: Min. 1×10 ⁵ (10A 277V AC at resistive load)	
Conditions	Conditions for operation, transport and storage*3	Ambient temperature: -55°C to +85°C -67°F to +185°F, Humidity: 5 to 85% R.H. (Not freezing and condensing at low temperature)	
	Max. operating speed	20 times/min. (at nominal switching capacity)	
Unit weight		PCB type: Approx. 25 g .88 oz TMP type: Approx. 30 g 1.06 oz	

* Specifications will vary with foreign standards certification ratings.

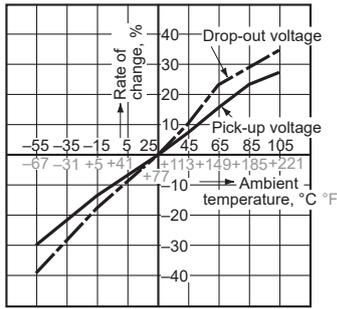
Notes: *1. This value can change due to the switching frequency, environmental conditions, and desired reliability level, therefore it is recommended to check this with the actual load.

*2. In order to obtain the full rated life cycles, the relay should be properly vented by removing the vent nib. More detail, please look at caution for NOTES.

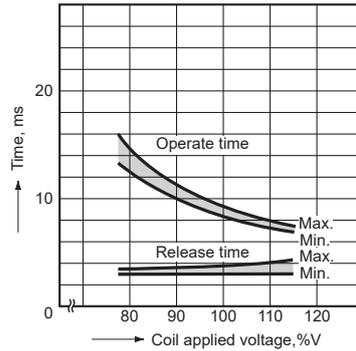
*3. The upper limit of the ambient temperature is the maximum temperature that can satisfy the coil temperature rise value. Refer to Usage, transport and storage conditions in NOTES.

REFERENCE DATA

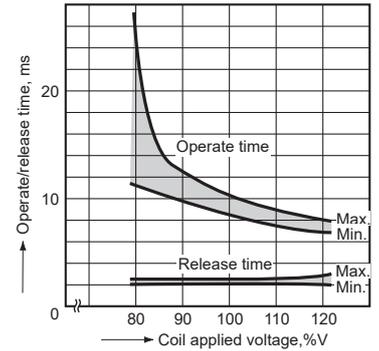
1. Change of rate of pick-up and drop-out voltage (at 20°C 68°F)
 Sample: JTN1S-TMP-F-DC24V (6 pcs.)



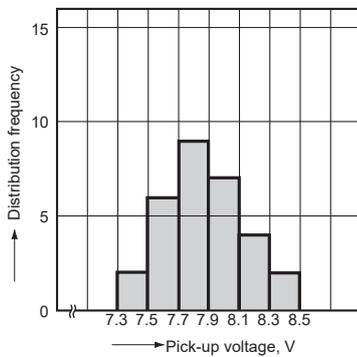
2. Operate & release time (at 20°C 68°F)
 Sample: JTN1S-TMP-F-DC24V (6 pcs.)



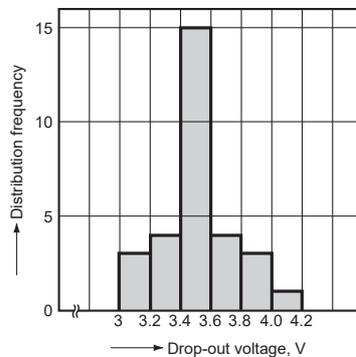
3. Operate & release time (at 20°C 68°F)
 Sample: JTN1aS-PA-F-DC24V (6 pcs.)



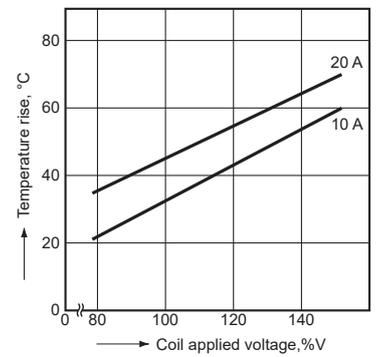
4. Distribution frequency of pick-up voltage (at 20°C 68°F)
 Sample: JTN1S-TMP-F-DC12V (30 pcs.)



5. Distribution frequency of drop-out voltage (at 20°C 68°F)
 Sample: JTN1S-TMP-F-DC12V (30 pcs.)

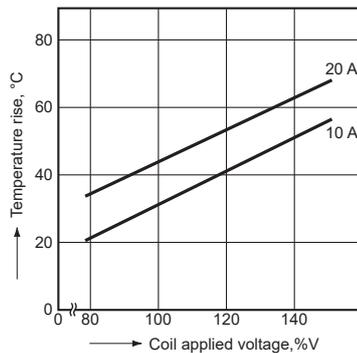


6.-(1) Coil temperature rise (TMP type)*
 Ambient temperature: 20°C 68°F
 Sample: JTN1aS-TMP-F-DC12V (6 pcs.)

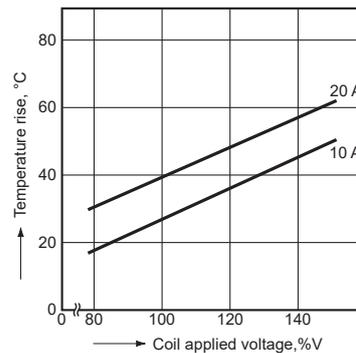


* Coil temperature rise of sealed types are same as data of the dust cover type.

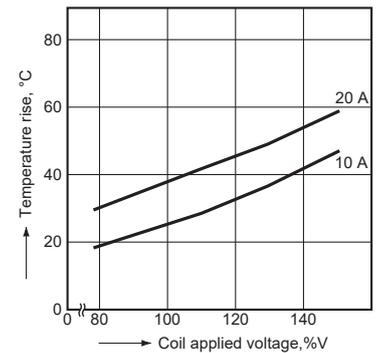
Ambient temperature: 55°C 131°F
 Sample: JTN1aS-TMP-F-DC12V (6 pcs.)



Ambient temperature: 85°C 185°F
 Sample: JTN1aS-TMP-F-DC12V (6 pcs.)



Ambient temperature: 105°C 221°F
 Sample: JTN1aS-TMP-F-DC12V (6 pcs.)

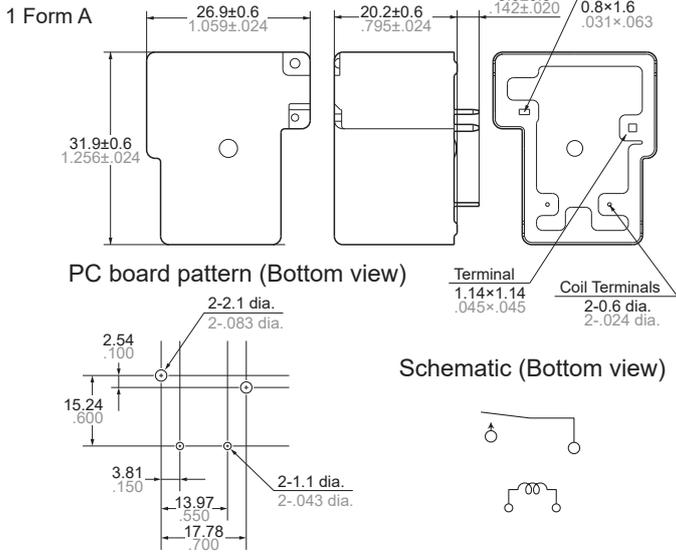


DIMENSIONS (mm inch)

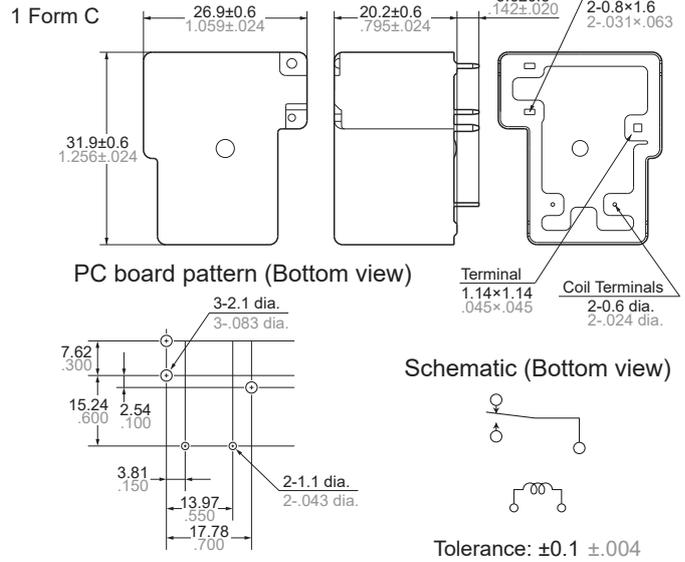
CAD The CAD data of the products with a "CAD" mark can be downloaded from our Website.

1. PCB type

CAD

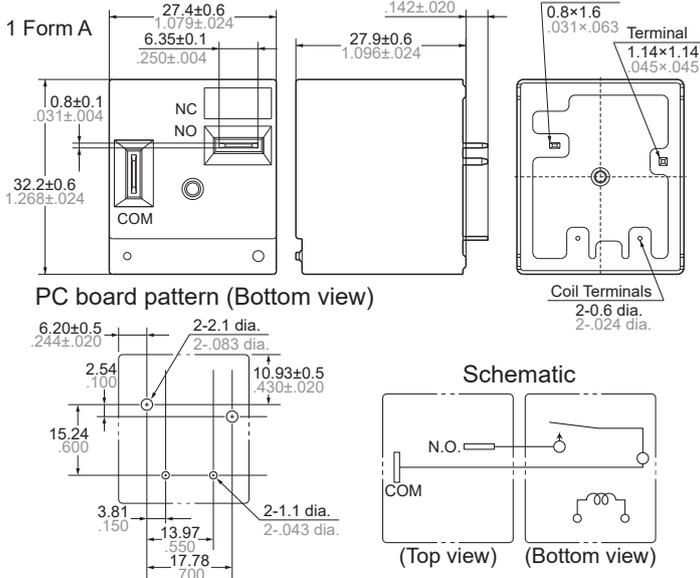


CAD

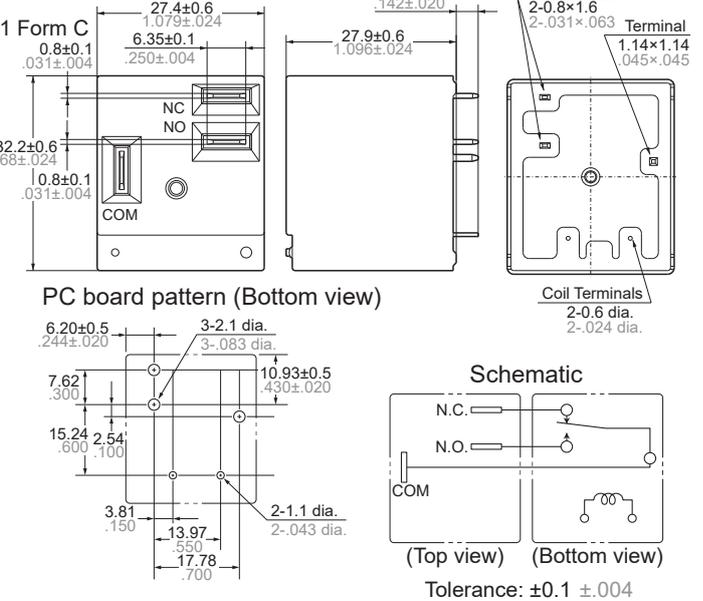


2. TMP type

CAD



CAD



SAFETY STANDARDS

Item	UL (Recognized)	
	File No.	Contact rating
1 Form A	E43028	30A 277V AC, 30A 28V DC, 2HP 250V AC
1 Form C	N.O. E43028	20A 277V AC, 20A 28V DC, 2HP 250V AC
	N.C. E43028	10A 277V AC, 10A 28V DC, 1/2HP 250V AC

Item	CSA (Certified)	
	File No.	Contact rating
1 Form A	LR26550	10A 277V AC, 30A 28V DC, 1HP 250V AC
1 Form C	N.O. LR26550	10A 277V AC, 20A 28V DC, 1HP 250V AC
	N.C. LR26550	10A 277V AC, 10A 28V DC, 1/2HP 250V AC

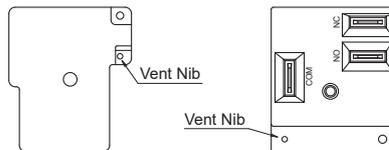
NOTES

1. 1. Electrical life

In order to obtain the full rated life cycles, the relay should be properly vented by removing the vent nib after the soldering/washing process.

• PCB type

• TMP type



Please refer to "the latest product specifications" when designing your product.
 • Requests to customers :
<https://industrial.panasonic.com/ac/e/salespolicies/>

GUIDELINES FOR POWER RELAYS AND HIGH-CAPACITY DC CUT OFF RELAYS USAGE

For cautions for use, please read “GUIDELINES FOR RELAY USAGE”.

https://industrial.panasonic.com/ac/e/control/relay/cautions_use/index.jsp

Precautions for Coil Input

■ Long term current carrying

A circuit that will be carrying a current continuously for long periods without relay switching operation. (circuits for emergency lamps, alarm devices and error inspection that, for example, revert only during malfunction and output warnings with form B contacts) Continuous, long-term current to the coil will facilitate deterioration of coil insulation and characteristics due to heating of the coil itself.

For circuits such as these, please use a magnetic-hold type latching relay. If you need to use a single stable relay, use a sealed type relay that is not easily affected by ambient conditions and make a failsafe circuit design that considers the possibility of contact failure or disconnection.

■ DC Coil operating power

Steady state DC current should be applied to the coil. The wave form should be rectangular. If it includes ripple, the ripple factor should be less than 5%.

However, please check with the actual circuit since the electrical characteristics may vary. The rated coil voltage should be applied to the coil and the set/reset pulse time of latching type relay differs for each relays, please refer to the relay's individual specifications.

■ Coil connection

When connecting coils of polarized relays, please check coil polarity (+,-) at the internal connection diagram (Schematic). If any wrong connection is made, it may cause unexpected malfunction, like abnormal heat, fire and so on, and circuit do not work. Avoid impressing voltages to the set coil and reset coil at the same time.

Ambient Environment

● Usage, Transport, and Storage Conditions

During usage, storage, or transportation, avoid locations subjected to direct sunlight and maintain normal temperature, humidity and pressure conditions.

● Temperature/Humidity/Pressure

When transporting or storing relays while they are tube packaged, there are cases the temperature may differ from the allowable range. In this case be sure to check the individual specifications. Also allowable humidity level is influenced by temperature, please check charts shown below and use relays within mentioned conditions. (Allowable temperature values differ for each relays, please refer to the relay's individual specifications.)

1) Temperature:

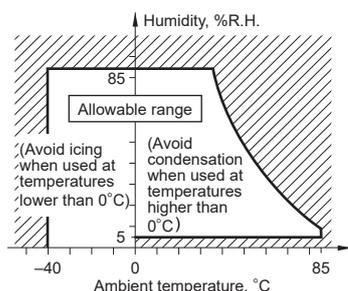
The tolerance temperature range differs for each relays, please refer to the relay's individual specifications

2) Humidity:

5 to 85 % RH

3) Pressure:

86 to 106 kPa



■ Maximum allowable voltage and temperature rise

Proper usage requires that the rated coil voltage be impressed on the coil. Note, however, that if a voltage greater than or equal to the maximum continuous voltage is impressed on the coil, the coil may burn or its layers short due to the temperature rise. Furthermore, do not exceed the usable ambient temperature range listed in the catalog.

■ Operate voltage change due to coil temperature rise (Hot start)

In DC relays, after continuous passage of current in the coil, if the current is turned OFF, then immediately turned ON again, due to the temperature rise in the coil, the pick-up voltage will become somewhat higher. Also, it will be the same as using it in a higher temperature atmosphere. The resistance/temperature relationship for copper wire is about 0.4% for 1°C, and with this ratio the coil resistance increases. That is, in order to operate of the relay, it is necessary that the voltage be higher than the pick-up voltage and the pick-up voltage rises in accordance with the increase in the resistance value. However, for some polarized relays, this rate of change is considerably smaller.

● Dew condensation

Condensation occurs when the ambient temperature drops suddenly from a high temperature and humidity, or the relay is suddenly transferred from a low ambient temperature to a high temperature and humidity. Condensation causes the failures like insulation deterioration, wire disconnection and rust etc. Panasonic Corporation does not guarantee the failures caused by condensation.

The heat conduction by the equipment may accelerate the cooling of device itself, and the condensation may occur.

Please conduct product evaluations in the worst condition of the actual usage. (Special attention should be paid when high temperature heating parts are close to the device. Also please consider the condensation may occur inside of the device.)

● Icing

Condensation or other moisture may freeze on relays when the temperature become lower than 0°C. This icing causes the sticking of movable portion, the operation delay and the contact conduction failure etc. Panasonic Corporation does not guarantee the failures caused by the icing.

The heat conduction by the equipment may accelerate the cooling of relay itself and the icing may occur. Please conduct product evaluations in the worst condition of the actual usage.

● Low temperature and low humidity

The plastic becomes brittle if the switch is exposed to a low temperature, low humidity environment for long periods of time.

● High temperature and high humidity

Storage for extended periods of time (including transportation periods) at high temperature or high humidity levels or in atmospheres with organic gases or sulfide gases may cause a sulfide film or oxide film to form on the surfaces of the contacts and/or it may interfere with the functions. Check out the atmosphere in which the units are to be stored and transported.

GUIDELINES FOR POWER RELAYS AND HIGH-CAPACITY DC CUT OFF RELAYS USAGE

●Package

In terms of the packing format used, make every effort to keep the effects of moisture, organic gases and sulfide gases to the absolute minimum.

●Silicon

When a source of silicone substances (silicone rubber, silicone oil, silicone coating materials and silicone filling materials etc.) is used around the relay, the silicone gas (low molecular siloxane etc.) may be produced.

This silicone gas may penetrate into the inside of the relay. When the relay is kept and used in this condition, silicone compound may adhere to the relay contacts which may cause the contact failure. Do not use any sources of silicone gas around the relay (Including plastic seal types).

●NOx Generation

When relay is used in an atmosphere high in humidity to switch a load which easily produces an arc, the NOx created by the arc and the water absorbed from outside the relay combine to produce nitric acid. This corrodes the internal metal parts and adversely affects operation. Avoid use at an ambient humidity of 85%RH or higher (at 20°C). If use at high humidity is unavoidable, please contact our sales representative.

Others

■Cleaning

- 1) Although the environmentally sealed type relay (plastic sealed type, etc.) can be cleaned, avoid immersing the relay into cold liquid (such as cleaning solvent) immediately after soldering. Doing so may deteriorate the sealing performance.
- 2) Cleaning with the boiling method is recommended(The temperature of cleaning liquid should be 40°C or lower).
Avoid ultrasonic cleaning on relays. Use of ultrasonic cleaning may cause breaks in the coil or slight sticking of the contacts due to ultrasonic energy.

Please refer to "**the latest product specifications**" when designing your product.

•Requests to customers:

<https://industrial.panasonic.com/ac/e/salespolicies/>

Please contact

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Electromechanical Control Business Division

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